WHAT IS SCOLIOSIS DISORDERS?

Scoliosis is a medical condition in which a person's spine has a sideways curve. The curve is usually "S"- or "C"-shaped. In some, the degree of curve is stable, while in others, it increases over time. Mild scoliosis does not typically cause problems, while severe cases can interfere with breathing.

CAUSES OF SCOLIOSIS

Doctors don't know what causes the most common type of scoliosis — although it appears to involve hereditary factors, because the disorder tends to run in families. Less common types of scoliosis may be caused by: Neuromuscular conditions, such as cerebral palsy or muscular dystrophy.

SYMPTOMS OF SCOLIOSIS

- Uneven shoulders.
- One shoulder blade that appears more prominent than the other.
- Uneven waist.
- One hip higher than the other.

NEUROTHERAPY TREATMENT

I (8) Pan

(3) Gal

(7) Liv

After 1/2 hour

II 1, 25 DCC